2023 Silviculture Activities

Mechanical Site Prep

Why do we use mechanical site preparation?

- Creates microsites for planting
- Warms soils
- Creates a dry place to plant
- Helps curb competition
- Encourages natural regeneration

How much site prep will be done in 2023?

- We will complete approximately 2280 ha
- 1023 ha of Light Mounding
- 424 ha of Dragging
- 818 ha of Ripping
- 15 ha of Hoe Mounding

Planting

How many trees are being planted in 2023?

- We will be planting approximately 8.10 million seedlings
- Species are Lodgepole Pine, White Spruce and Black Spruce
- Trees are planted from middle of May until end of July

Manual Tending

Why do we manually tend?

- To remove deciduous competition in areas where it is impeding reforestation success
- We treat sensitive areas, where we don't want to apply herbicide; i.e. buffers, wet areas, etc.
- Areas where Aspen is too large for herbicide to be effective
- Program starts at the beginning of May to the end of July
- We are planning to manually tend 800 ha with brush saws

Thinning

Why do we thin?

- To control the density of young stands, prevent stagnation, improve crop tree quality and reduce rotation length
- To promote forest health and productivity
- To increase merchantable conifer volume yield
- 1500 ha planned in 2023











2023 Silviculture Activities

Herbicide

Why do we have a vegetation management program?

- To control specific species such as grass and aspen from competing with conifer stock trees
- Grass and aspen compete with the newly planted conifer trees for moisture and nutrients
- Our goal is to achieve a successful stand that reaches rotation age (70-80 years) by following reforestation standards implemented by the province
- To ensure that we are conducting our program in a controlled and responsible manner

How do we spray?

 Cutblocks are treated both aerially and on the ground by backpack sprayers

When does the spray season start?

- The spray season is typically three weeks, starting mid
 August and ending the beginning of September
- The operational season can only occur when the conifer trees are in a dormant state and the competitive species are able to absorb the product

What product is used?

 VisionMax is mainly used and it is a glyphosate based product commonly used by various forestry companies across Canada

What are other methods are used?

- Mechanical site prep and manual tending are silviculture methods that are used to minimize competition
- Vegetation management is the most effective tool that can aid in grass and aspen suppression

What are some of the risk management strategies in place?

- Watercourse buffers
- Boundary buffers
- Sensitive site identification
- Monitoring
- Weather parameters
- Intensive ground truthing
- GPS technology both mapping and operationally

Does the entire cutblock get treated?

- Sensitive sites such as waterbodies, boundaries and wildlife trees are protected by buffers
- Based on cutblock strata, areas are left for natural growth and not treated. This promotes mixedwood forests
- Planned treatment data gets net down once the cutbock is sprayed

How many hectares are planned for the 2023 season?

 Approximately 3000 ha of area is planned for the 2023 season. This includes both aerial and ground programs







